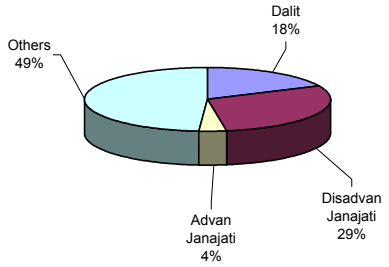
Figure 2.2: Socio-Economic Development Progress at a glance

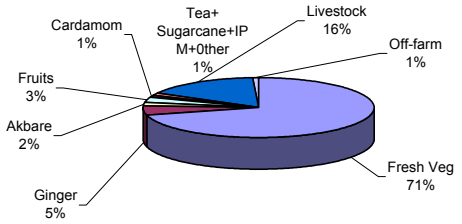
Progress: Up to October 2011

Key information:	
Number of Road Building Groups (RBGs)	750
Number of Special Building groups (SBGs)	85
Number of RBG members	14,389
Number of SBG members	1,623
RBG members trained in IGA (days)	48,920
Organisation Development Training (days)	23,487
Number of Local Resource Person (LRP) developed	198
Employment generated (Million Days)	*4.67*
Wage payment to RBGs (Million NRs)	1,306
Group Saving (Million NRs)	96
Average Group Saving (NRs)	133,227
Income from IGA (Million NRs)	37.7
Number of child care centres in operation	11
Number of "live" demonstrations in different IGAs	4,686

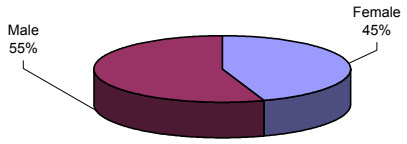
RBG Composition by Ethnicity



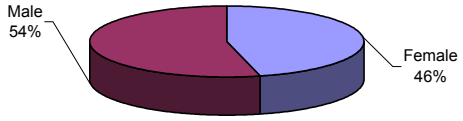
IGA Training for RBG Members by Types



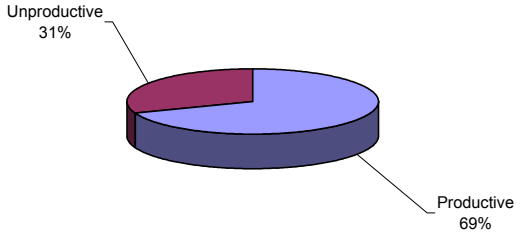
RBG Composition by Gender



IGA Trainees by Gender



Saving Mobilisation by Purpose



Accident records and cost of insurance

Injury type	Total	Total insurance sum paid (NRs.)
Minor	1,919	**4,229,463**
Serious	461	
Disability	2	
Fatal	5	
Total	**2,387**	**4,229,463**

LRP services

Area of services	No. of service days	Remark
Fresh vegetables	5,554	Local Resource Persons provide technical support to RBGs on IGA related activities.
Livestock	1,549	
Total	**7,103**	

Total group saving (NRs million)	Group lending (NRs million)	
96	264.1	(Turn over ratio = 2.6)

Major achievements

i Generated significant employment opportunities for socio-economically excluded rural communities through road construction and income generating activities.

ii Contributed to formation and strengthening of grassroots level organisations, which can serve as vehicles for sustaining the impacts of programme interventions.

iii Emergence of microfinance services in remote hills through establishment and operation of saving and credit schemes, which are essential elements for promoting sustainable livelihoods

iv Raised awareness among RBGs on the importance of inclusive approach in socio-economic development process and disseminated social protection act and other services avails from HP and Sub-Health Post.

v Enhanced local level capacity building through awareness raising and skill development training.

vi Increased coordination and collaboration with DADO, DLSO and Helvetas Nepal initiated in implementing field level activities.

Major issues and challenges

i Striking a balance between timing of SED activities and road construction works.

ii Capacitating RBG members and their institutions, which needs quite some time and hence the current time-frame might not be sufficient.

iii Management and operation of saving and credit schemes.

iv The lower level of entrepreneurship of western cluster communities seems to be a constraint for improving livelihood that ensures sustained livelihood in post construction period.

v Commercialisation of farm entreprises and market outlets.